# Eskom Holdings (SOC) Ltd -Gauteng Operations Unit



ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED WESTGATE-TARLTON +/-20KM, 132KV POWER LINE WITHIN MOGALE CITY AND WESTONARIA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY, GAUTENG PROVINCE

ORIGINAL June 2017



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#### **CONTACT DETAILS OF RESPONSIBLE PERSONS**

#### **Proponent Details**

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Operations Unit (Eskom)

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#### **GLOSSARY OF TERMS, DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

Construction

Activity

A construction activity is any action taken by the Contractor, his subcontractors, suppliers or personnel during the

construction process.

Contractor That main organisation appointed by the Developer, through

the Project Manager, to undertake construction activities on

the site.

Demolition The tearing down of buildings and other structures: the

opposite of construction.

Developer Eskom Holdings (SOC) Ltd, Eskom Distribution – Gauteng

Operating Unit (Eskom)

DWS Department of Water and Sanitation

EAP Environmental Assessment Practitioner

ECO Environmental Control Officer.

The ECO monitors compliance with the EMPr during the construction phase and advises the Project Manager on

environmental matters relating to construction.

EMPr Environmental Management Programme: The EMPr for the

project sets out general instructions that will be included in a contract document for the construction phase of the project. The EMPr will ensure the construction activities are conducted and managed in an environmentally sound and

responsible manner.

Environment Means the surroundings within which humans exist and that

are made up of:

a. The land, water and atmosphere of the earth;

b. Micro-organisms, plant and animal life;

c. Any part or combination of a) and b) and the interrelationships among and between them; and

d. The physical, chemical, aesthetic and cultural properties and conditions of the foregoing that

influence human health and well-being.

Environmental Specifications

Instructions and guidelines for specific construction activities designed to help prevent, reduce and/or control the potential environmental implications of these construction activities.

DEA Department of Environmental Affairs

I&AP(s) Interested and Affected Party(ies)

Method Statement A written submission by the Contractor to the Project

Manager in response to the Specification setting out the plant,

materials, labour, timing and method the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity. The Method Statement shall cover applicable details with regard to:

- · Construction procedures;
- Materials and equipment to be used;
- Getting the equipment to and from site;
- How the equipment/material will be moved while on site;
- How and where material will be stored;
- The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or solid material that may occur;
- Timing and location of activities;
- Compliance/ non-compliance with the Specifications; and
- Any other information deemed necessary by the PM.

MSDS Material Safety Data Sheet

Project This refers to all construction activities associated with the

proposed activities.

PM Project Manager: Appointed firm responsible for overall management of the construction phase of the project

including the management of all contractors.

PPE Personal Protective Equipment

Rehabilitation Rehabilitation is defined as the return of a disturbed area.

feature or structure to a state that approximates to the state (where possible) that it was before disruption, or to an

improved state.

SHE Safety, Health and Environment

Solid Waste Means all solid waste, including construction debris, chemical

waste, excess cement/concrete, wrapping materials, timber, tins and cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste

(e.g. plastic packets and wrappers).

SSC Species of Special Concern

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

Eskom Holdings (SOC) Limited, Gauteng Operations Unit (hereunder referred to as Eskom) proposes to construct a +/-20 kilometre (km), 132 kilovolt (kV) power line between Westgate- Tarlton. The power line route is situated in both Mogale City and Westonaria Local Municipality which are both situated under the jurisdiction of the West Rand District Municipality, within the Gauteng Province.

GIBB (Pty) Ltd. (hereafter referred to as GIBB) has been appointed by Eskom, as an independent Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) to undertake the Environmental Authorisation (EA) application process on behalf of Eskom. GIBB, on behalf of Eskom has applied for EA in terms of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations of 2014 promulgated under the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) as amended (NEMA). The EA application was lodged to the Competent Authority (CA), the national Department of Environmental Affairs (DEA) in this case, on 14 October 2016.

The process to be undertaken as part of the impact assessment for the proposed power line construction in order for Eskom to obtain an EA from DEA is a Basic Assessment (BA) due to the triggered activity within the Government Notice R. (GNR) No. 983 or Listing Notice 1 of the EIA Regulations, 2014.

The proposed power line development, triggers listed activities 11, 12 and 19 of Government Notice (GN) No. R. 983 (Listing Notice 1) and Activity 12 and 14 of GN. R. 985 (Listing Notice 3) of the EIA Regulations of 2014, which reads as follows:

Table 1: Applicable Legislation in terms of the EIA Regulations of 2014

Detailed description of listed activities associated v	vith the project
GNR No. 983 / GNR 327,	The applicant, Eskom, is proposing to erect a 132kV power line connection for the transmission and/or
Activity 11: The development of facilities or	distribution of electricity.
infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity	
(i) Outside urban areas or on industrial complexes	
with a capacity of more than 33 but less than 275 kilovolts.	
GN No. R. 983 / GNR 327,	Several watercourses may be crossed along the powerline route, and as such pylons may be
Activity 12: The development of -	constructed within 32 metres of the watercourse.
(ii) infrastructure or structures with a physical footprint	
of 100 square metres or more	
where such development occurs-	
(a) within a watercourse;	
(b) in front of a development setback; or	

Detailed description of listed activities associated	with the project
Detailed description of fisted activities associated to	martine project
(c) if no development setback exists, within 32 metres	
of a watercourse, measured from the edge of a	
watercourse;	
GN No. R. 983 / GNR 327,	Several watercourses may be crossed along the
	powerline route, and as such pylons may need to be
Activity 19: The infilling or depositing of any material	constructed within a watercourse, however this is
of more than 10 cubic metres into, or the dredging,	considered unlikely and every effort will be made to
excavation, removal or moving of soil, sand, shells,	avoid this.
shell grit, pebbles or rock of more than 10 cubic	
metres from a watercourse.	
GN No. R. 985 / GNR 324	Since the project alternatives transect irreplaceable and
	ecological support areas, while unlikely the removal of
Activity 12: The clearance of an area 300 square	300 square metres or more may be required during
metres or more of indigenous vegetation	pylon placement.
c. Gauteng	
ii Within Critical Biodiversity Areas or Ecological	
ii. Within Critical Biodiversity Areas or Ecological Support Areas identified in the Gauteng Conservation	
plan or bioregional plans	
GN No. R. 985 / GNR 324	Several watercourses may be crossed along the
GIV NO. 14. 3007 GIVIN 324	powerline route, and as such pylons may be
Activity 14: The development of -	constructed within 32 metres of the watercourse. All
Thousing 11. The development of	project alternatives transect irreplaceable and
(ii) infrastructure or structures with a physical footprint	ecological support areas, some to a lesser extent than
of 10 square metres or more	others.
where such development occurs-	
(a) within a watercourse;	
(b) in front of a development setback; or	
(c) if no development setback exists, within 32 metres	
of a watercourse, measured from the edge of a	
watercourse;	
c. Gauteng	
iv. Sites identified as Critical Biodiversity Areas	
(CBAs) or Ecological Support Areas (ESAs) in the	
Gauteng Conservation Plan or bioregional plans	

This Environmental Management Programme (EMPr) was compiled by GIBB, on behalf of Eskom, as part of the BA process and as required by the EIA Regulations of 2014. The EMPr looked at the potential environmental impacts the proposed project could pose on the environment, and which mitigation and monitoring procedures will need to be put in place to manage these impacts within the smallest environmental footprint as possible.

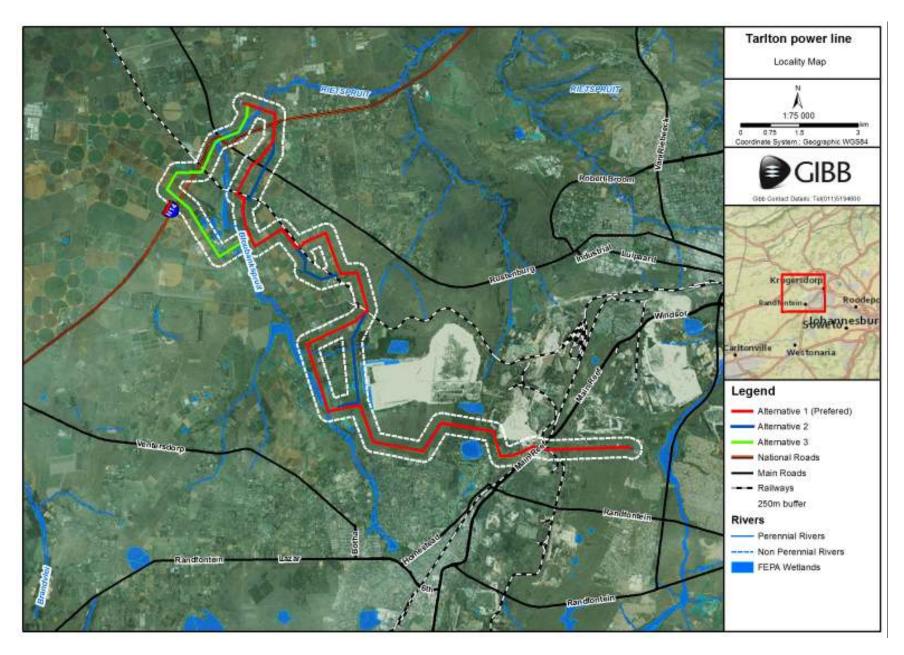


Figure 1: Locality Map

#### 1.1 Applicable Documentation

The following documentation is applicable to the proposed power line development, and must be read in conjunction with this EMPr:

- Final Basic Assessment Report (FBAR) for the Westgate-Tarlton 132kV power line:
- The EA for the Westgate -Tarlton 132kV power line if it has been issued by DEA. Where necessary, this EMPr must be amended to comply with the conditions of the EA, if granted;
- Permits and/or licences that may need to be acquired before construction of the proposed power line, i.e. Water Use License (WUL) in terms of the National Water Act, 1998 (Act No. 36 of 1998); and
- All acts, ordinances and by-laws relevant to the proposed project.

#### 1.2 Structure of the Environmental Management Programme

This EMPr provides mitigation and management measures for the following phases of the proposed power line development:

- Construction Phase: This section of the EMPr provides management principles for the construction phase of the proposed power line development. The environmental actions, procedures and responsibilities as required within the construction phase are specified. These specifications shall form part of the contract documentation and, therefore the Contractor will be required to comply with the specifications to the satisfaction of the Project Co-ordinator and Environmental Control Officer (ECO), in terms of the construction contract.
- Operation and Maintenance Phase: This section of the EMPr provides management principles for the operation and maintenance phase of the proposed power line development. The environmental actions, procedures and responsibilities as required from Eskom within the operation phase are specified.
- **Decommissioning Phase:** Due to the nature of the proposed power line development and its operational lifespan, decommissioning is not envisaged at this point. This EMPr will be updated if decommissioning is to take place.

It should be noted that this EMPr is a dynamic document which should be updated as and when required, i.e. the granting of the EA, the decommissioning of the power line, etc. Any amendments made must be submitted to both the ECO and Proponent for approval prior to implementation.

#### 1.3 Objectives of the EMPr

The EMPr has the following objectives:

- To outline functions and responsibilities of responsible persons;
- To state standards and guidelines which are required to be achieved in terms of environmental legislation;
- To outline mitigation measures and environmental specifications which are required to be implemented for all phases of the project in order to minimise the extent of environmental impacts, and to manage environmental impacts; and
- To prevent long-term or permanent environmental degradation.

#### 2 FUNCTIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Formal responsibilities are necessary to ensure that key procedures are executed. Specific responsibilities of the various personnel for the proposed power line development are detailed below.

#### The Developer/ Proponent:

- The proponent (Eskom) is ultimately accountable for ensuring compliance to the EMPr and conditions contained in the EA, if granted. The ECO must be contracted by the developer (Eskom) as an independent appointment to objectively monitor implementation of relevant environmental legislation, conditions of EA (if granted), and the EMPr for the proposed power line development; and
- The developer is further responsible for providing and giving a mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities. The developer must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the proposed project team.

#### The Consulting Engineer:

 Contracted by the developer to design and specify the proposed power line development engineering aspects. Generally, the engineer runs the work's contract. The Consulting Engineer (CE) may also fulfil the role of Project Manager (PM) on the proponent's behalf.

#### **Project Manager:**

• The PM has the over-all responsibility for managing the proposed power line development, contractors and consultants, as well as ensuring that the environmental management requirements are met. The CE may also act as the PM. All decisions regarding environmental procedures must be approved by the PM. The PM has the authority to stop any construction activity in contravention of the EMPr in accordance with an agreed warning procedure.

#### **Engineers Representative:**

 The consulting Engineer's Representative (ER) on site has the power or mandate to issue site instructions and in some instances, variation orders to the contractor, following request by the Environmental Officer (EO) or ECO.
 The ER oversees site works, liaise with Contractor and ECO.

#### **Environmental Officer/ Manager:**

• Appointed by the CEs as their environmental representative on site, the EO is not independent but must rather act on behalf of the CEs with the mandate to enforce compliance under the proposed project contract which must include the EMPr. The EO has the directive to issue non-conformance and hazard certificates. Further, in terms of accepted industry practice the EO could issue the equivalent of a "cease works" instruction only in exceptional circumstances where serious environmental harm has been or is about to be caused, i.e. in cases of extreme urgency and then only when the ER is absent;

- The EO must form part of the proposed project team and be involved in all aspects of the proposed project planning that can influence environmental conditions on the site. On activities of this description, linear developments, the EO must also be the liaison between the contractor and landowners (where required).;
- The EO must attend relevant project meetings, conduct daily inspections to monitor compliance with the EMPr, and be responsible for providing reports and feedback on potential environmental problems associated with the proposed power line development to the project team and ECO;
- The EO must convey the contents of this EMPr to the Contractor's site team and discuss the contents in detail with the Contractor as well as conduct an induction and an environmental awareness training session prior to site handover to all contractors and their workforce; and
- The EO must be suitably experienced with the relevant qualifications and preferably competent in construction related methods and practices.

#### The Environmental Control Officer:

- An independent appointment to objectively monitor implementation of relevant environmental legislation, conditions of EA (if granted), and the EMPr for the proposed project. The ECO must be on site prior to any site establishment and must endeavour to form an integral part of the proposed project team;
- The ECO must be proactive and have access to specialist expertise as and when required, these include all engineering and environmental specialists, etc:
- The ECO must conduct audits on compliance to relevant environmental legislation, conditions of EA (if granted), and the EMPr for the proposed power line development. The size and sensitivity of the proposed power line development, based on the Final Basic Assessment Report (FBAR), and the EA (if granted) will determine the frequency at which the ECO will be required to conduct audits. (A minimum of a monthly site inspection must be undertaken);
- The ECO must be the liaison between the relevant authorities, DEA and the
  Department of Water and Sanitation (DWS), and the proposed project team.
  The ECO must communicate and inform the developer and CEs of any
  changes to the environmental conditions as required by the DEA and/or DWS.
  The ECO must ensure that the registration and updating of all relevant EMPr
  documentation is carried out;
- The ECO must be suitably experienced with the relevant environmental management qualifications and preferably competent in construction related methods and practices; and
- The ECO must handle information received from whistle blowers as confidential and must address and report these incidences to the DEA and/or DWS as soon as possible.

#### The Contractor:

 Is to ensure that the environmental specifications of this document (including any revisions, additions or amendments) are effectively implemented. This includes the on-site implementation of steps to mitigate environmental impacts;

- Will ensure that all Employees and co-contractors comply with the requirements and provisions of this EMPr;
- Prepares method statements;
- Monitors environmental performance and conformance with the specifications contained in this document during daily site inspections;
- Discusses implementation of and compliance with this document with staff at routine site meetings;
- Reports progress towards implementation of and non-conformances with this document at site meetings with the ECO;
- Will notify the ECO of the anticipated programme of works and fully disclose all details of activities involved;
- Will ensure that suitable records are kept and that the appropriate documentation is available to the ECO;
- Will notify the ECO of all incidents, accidents and transgressions on site with respect to environmental management as well as requirements of the EMPr and corrective actions/remedial action taken;
- Reports and records all accidents and incidents resulting in injury or death;
- Informs the ECO of problems arising when implementing the EMPr and ways of improving the EMPr; and
- Informs the ECO of any complaints received.

#### 2.1 General Guidelines

The following measures provide guideline solutions to frequently anticipated issues on most development activities:

- The prevention of any site degradation due to non-compliance, administrative or financial problems, and inactivity during the construction phase, illegal activities, delays caused by archaeological finds etc., is ultimately the responsibility of the applicant/developer. Refer to Section 28 of NEMA;
- The study area must be clearly defined according to the proposed power line development EA, if granted. All workforce members and other construction personnel are not to go beyond the designated footprint;
- The Contractors must adhere to the agreed and approved access points and routes:
- No camping is allowed on any private property:
- Damage to private or public property such as fences, gates and other infrastructure may occur at any time, all damage must be repaired immediately and to the satisfaction of the owner or his/ her representative;
- The Contractor must adhere to all conditions of the contract including this EMPr;
- Proper planning of the proposed construction process must be undertaken to allow for disruptions such as rain and very wet conditions;
- All private and public manmade structures near the proposed power line

- development site must be protected against damage at all times and any damage must be rectified immediately;
- Proper site management and regular monitoring of the proposed power line site works;
- Proper documentation and record keeping of all complaints and actions must be taken;
- Regular site inspections and good control over the proposed construction process throughout the construction period;
- A positive attitude towards environmental management by all site personnel must be motivated through regular and effective awareness and training sessions;
- An EO, on behalf of the Contractor, is to be appointed to implement this EMPr.
   The EO and not the Contractor is to deal with any landowner related matters;
- Environmental Audits to be carried out prior, during and upon completion of the proposed power line construction.

#### 2.2 Awareness Training

The EO, or ECO where an EO is not appointed, is responsible for ensuring everyone on site is given an environmental awareness induction session which not only clearly defines what the environment is and gives specifics detailing the local environment but outlines the requirements of the EMPr as a management tool to protect the prevailing environment.

Refresher courses must be conducted as and when required. The EO must ensure daily toolbox talks include alerting the workforce to particular environmental concerns associated with the tasks for that day or the area/habitat in which they are working. Awareness posters and a hand out must be produced to create awareness throughout the site (as needed).

#### 2.3 Contractor Environmental Method Statements

Method Statements are written submissions to the Engineer by the Contractor, in collaboration with the EO, in response to a request by the Engineer. The Method Statements set out the plant, materials, labour and method that the contractor proposes using to carry out an activity, identified by the EO and/or Engineer. The Method Statements contain the appropriate detail such that the EO and Engineer are able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with the requirements of the EMPr. The contractor must sign each Method Statement along with the EO and Engineer to formalise the approved Method Statement.

All Method Statements including those which may be required as ad hoc or emergency construction method statements must be submitted to the Engineer for approval prior to the commencement of the activity.

Any changes to the method of works must be reflected by amendments to the original approved Method Statement. Any changes in this regard must be approved by the EO and Engineer on the understanding that such changes are environmentally acceptable and in line with the requirements of this EMPr.

The pro forma Method Statements attached (amongst others) must be used and method statements for the following activities must be submitted to the EO, ECO and Engineer for approval before construction commences *inter alia*:

- Solid waste management:
- Crew camps and construction lay down areas;
- Cement and concrete batching;
- Dust control;
- Noise control
- Hydrocarbon and emergency spills procedures;
- Fire Management; and
- Diesel tanks and refuelling procedures (if applicable).

#### 2.4 Site Documentation

The following is a list of documentation, amongst others, which must be held on site and must be made available to the ECO and/or Approving Authority on request:

- Site daily diary /instruction book/ Incident reports;
- Records of all remediation / rehabilitation activities:
- Copies of ECO reports (management and monitoring);
- Environmental Management Programme (EMPr);
- Complaints register:
- Method statements; and
- Environmental Authorisation.

#### 2.4.1 Pro Forma Documentation

#### (a) Prior to the Commencement of Construction Activities

The following attached *pro forma* documentation is to be filled out and is binding to the EMPr and project contract and includes, but is not limited to the following:

- Declaration of understanding by the Developer;
- Declaration of understanding by the Engineer;
- Declaration of understanding by the Contractor;
- Method statements; and
- ECO / Engineer approval for method statements.

#### (b) During Construction Activities

The following attached pro forma documentation is to be filled out and maintained. These are binding to the EMPr and project contract. They include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Amended Method Statements;
- ECO / Engineer approval for amended method statements;
- Environmental incidents; and
- Records of all remediation / rehabilitation activities.

### 3 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

## **3.1** Section A: Planning and Pre-construction Phase Activities

A.1. Project Contract and Progr	amme	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
Contingencies for minimising negative impacts anticipated to occur during the construction phase need to be implemented.  Ensure environmental awareness and formalise environmental responsibilities and implementation.	A.1.1 Project contract and programme  (a) The EMPr must be included as part of the tender documentation thereby making it part of the enquiry document to make the recommendations and constraints, as set out in this document, enforceable under the general conditions of contract.  (b) A copy of this EMPr must be available on site. The Contractor must ensure that all the personnel on site, sub-contractors and their team, suppliers, etc. are familiar with and understand the specifications contained in the EMPr.	Proponent		
A.2. Appointments and Duties of	of Project Team	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
	A.2.1 Pro forma document and contracts     (a) The contact details of the ECO, Contractor and SHE officer must be completed as part of the pro-forma documents and a copy must be kept on site. This document must be made available to the approving authority on request.     (b) Subcontractor(s) contracts with the principle	Proponent	Once - off	

	contractor must contain a clause to the effect that the disposal of all construction-generated refuse / waste to an officially approved dumping site is the responsibility of the subcontractor in question and that the subcontractors are bound to the management activities stipulated in this EMPr.  A.2.2 Roles and Responsibilities  (a) Before construction activities commence, role players must have a clear indication of their	Proponent	Once - off	
A.3. Method Statements	role in the implementation of this EMPr.	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
	<ul> <li>A.3.1 Method Statements</li> <li>(a) Certain method statement must be provided by the contractor. All activities which require method statements may only commence once the method statements have been approved by the engineer and/or ECO as applicable.</li> <li>(b) Where applicable, the contractor will provide job-specific training on an ad hoc basis when workers are engaged in activities, which require method statements.</li> </ul>	PM/ Contractor	Prior to commencing activities requiring method statements, on site.	Approved method statements and relevant pro forma documents along with training records to be kept on file on site.
A.4. Emergencies, Non-Complia	ance and Communication	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
	A.4.1 Emergencies and communication	Contractor	On-going	
	(a) The contractor must provide method statements on the protocols to be followed, and contingencies to be put in place for the			

	following potential incidents before construction may begin: Contamination of natural water resources from spills; contamination of soils from spills; and fire.  (b) Communication in emergencies must follow the suggested lines of communication.  A.4.2 Non-Compliance	Contractor	On asian	
	The contractor understands that failure to adhere to the requirements of the EMPr will result in fines over and above the costs incurred for any remediation required as result of the specific non-compliance.	Contractor	On-going	
A.5. Construction Camp Set Up	(if required)	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
Careful planning of the construction camp can ensure that the time and costs associated with environmental management and rehabilitation are reduced. Therefore the camp should be established on previously disturbed areas such as school / municipal show grounds, etc.	<ul> <li>(a) The choice of the Contractor's camp requires the Project Manager's and ECO's permission and must ensure that the camp is located in an area that will ensure a minimum impact.</li> <li>(b) The camp must be located on already disturbed areas, such as school grounds, sports fields or previous construction camp sites.</li> <li>(c) The contractor must submit plans of exact location, extent and construction details of the temporary construction camp facilities to the Project Manager for approval, prior to establishment of the camp.  The layout plans must reflect the proposed camp's location in relation to any existing infrastructure (water mains, electricity cables,</li> </ul>	PM/ Contractor	Prior to site establishment	

	sewage mains, etc.) on site.  Access to the construction camp must be through an existing route that is clearly demarcated and agreed upon.  (d) The construction camp can comprise of the following (as required):  a. Site office b. Ablution facilities c. Designated first aid area d. Eating area e. Laydown areas			
	A.5.2 Ablutions  (a) Ablution facilities must be provided and must be located within the construction camp at a ratio of 1:20 workers.	PM/ Contractor		
	A.5.3. Provision for camp waste disposal      (a) Bins and skips must be provided at convenient intervals for disposal of waste within the construction camp/site.      (b) Recycling and provision of separate waste receptacles for different types of waste must be encouraged.	PM/ Contractor	On-going	
A.6. Establishing Storage Areas		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
Storage areas can be hazardous and unsightly. These storage areas can also cause environmental pollution if not designed and managed properly.	<ul> <li>A.6.1. General Substances and Materials</li> <li>(a) When deciding on the location of temporary stockpiles, the following needs to be considered: <ul> <li>road access,</li> <li>length of time the stockpile(s) will be kept.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	EO/ ECO approval	During site establishment.	

<u> </u>		1		T
	(b) Additionally all stockpiles must be located			
	away from sensitive ecosystems (rivers and			
	drainage lines) and protected from the			
	prevailing winds.			
	(c) Storage areas must be designated,			
	demarcated and fenced if necessary.			
	(d) Storage areas must be secured, to minimize			
	the risk of crime and contamination.			
		F0/F00 anatorial	Demineralita	
	A.6.2 Hazardous Substances and Materials	EO/ ECO approval	During site	
			establishment	
	(a) Fuel must be stored in a bunded area with at			
	least a volume of 110% of the tank.			
	(b) No smoking must be allowed in the vicinity of			
	the fuel storage area. Erect at least one no-			
	smoking warning sign, which is clearly visible			
	at the fuel storage area, to warn all staff of			
	associated dangers.			
	(c) Provide adequate firefighting equipment at or			
	close to the fuel storage and dispensing			
	area(s).			
	(d) Keep fuel under lock and key at all times.			
	(e) Hazardous chemical workings/ refuelling			
	areas must be bunded with an impermeable			
	liner.			
	(f) Ensure that there is always a supply of			
	absorbent material readily available to			
	absorb/break down any hydrocarbon spillage.			
	(g) In the case of a spill, contaminated material			
	must be removed from the site immediately			
	and disposed of at an appropriate licensed			
	hazardous waste facility.			

A.7. Set up of Waste Manageme	ent Activities	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
	A.7.1 Waste Management     (a) A dedicated area must be allocated for waste sorting and storage.     (b) Individual waste skip or wheelie bins for different types of waste must be provided (if none currently exist).	EO/ ECO	During site establishment	
A.8. Education of Site Staff on	General Environmental Conduct	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
These points must be communicated to all staff prior to site establishment.	A.8.1. Environmental Education and Awareness  Ensure that all site personnel have a basic level of environmental awareness training. Topics covered must include:  • What is meant by 'Environment'? • Why do we have to protect the environment? • How construction activities can impact on the environment? • How can these impacts be mitigated? • Awareness of emergency and spills response provisions. • Social responsibility during construction, e.g. being considerate to local residents.  It is the contractor's responsibility to provide the site foreman with no less than 1 hour's environmental training (per week or as directed by the ECO) and to ensure that the foreman has	EO/ ECO	During staff induction and weekly "Toolbox Talks"	"Toolbox talks" and lunchtime Q&A.

	sufficient understanding to pass the information onto the construction staff.  (a) Translators are to be used where necessary. (b) The use of pictures and real-life examples is encouraged as these are easier to remember.  (c) The need for a 'clean site' policy also needs to be explained to the construction workers.  A.8.2. Worker Conduct on Site  Under no circumstances may open areas or	PM/ Contractor	During staff induction, followed	
	<ul> <li>Onder no circumstances may open areas of surrounding bush be used as toilet facilities.</li> <li>A general regard for the social and ecological well-being of the site and adjacent areas is expected of the site staff. Workers need to be made aware of the following general rules: <ul> <li>No alcohol/drugs to be present on site.</li> <li>No fire arms allowed on site or in vehicles transporting staff to/from the site (unless</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		by on-going monitoring.	
A.O. Water Ovelite	<ul> <li>authorised by security personnel).</li> <li>Construction staff is to make use of facilities provided for them, as opposed to ad hoc alternatives.</li> </ul>	Door on the life.		Nata
A.9. Water Quality		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
Incorrect disposal of substances and materials and polluted run- off can cause serious negative impacts on surrounding water resources.	<ul> <li>A.9.1. Water Quality</li> <li>(a) Equipment and machinery must be in good operation condition, clean (power washed), free of leaks, excess oil and grease. The equipment must be washed/ cleaned in the wash bays or demarcated areas only.</li> </ul>	EO/ ECO	During site set up.	

	<ul> <li>(b) Ensure that machinery is operated by a skilled driver who has been trained to use it correctly and who will be able to identify if something is wrong with the engine and conduct regular inspections identifying engine related leaks.</li> <li>(c) Before construction commences, all sensitive habitats such as wetland must be clearly demarcated with fencing or orange mesh netting. Barricading measures to be utilised should not restrict the movement of fauna in the area.</li> </ul>			
A.10. Security and Safety		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
	<ul> <li>A.10.1. Risk Associated with materials on site</li> <li>(a) Material stockpiles or stacks such as cement, steel, bricks, corrugated iron sheeting, plastic piping, etc. must be stable and well packed to avoid collapse and possible injury to site workers, stockpiles must also be covered to avoid seepage and ground water pollution (where applicable).</li> <li>(b) No materials are to be stored in unstable or high risk areas such as in close proximity of the entrance road, excavated areas, etc.</li> </ul>	PM/ Contractor	On-going	

#### **3.2** Section B: Construction Phase Activities

B.1. Site Access		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
	B.1.1 Access to the site	Proponent		
	<ul> <li>(a) Existing access roads must be used as far as possible. Please note that all existing access roads utilised will have to be maintained to the satisfaction of the landowners.</li> <li>(b) If access roads must pass through drainage lines, the footprint must be as small as possible.</li> <li>(c) A road management plan must be compiled, showing allocated access points and roads, to prevent tracks all over the landscape.</li> <li>(d) Construction vehicles must be limited to a speed of 20km/h on access roads and keep to the speed limit on public roads.</li> <li>(e) Existing access roads must be utilised as much as possible to protect biodiversity sensitive areas and should the need to construct new access roads arise, these must be properly demarcated in accordance with the absolute minimum area required for access and construction. The movement of vehicles, equipment and personnel should at</li> </ul>			
	all times be confined to the demarcated area.  B.1.2 Construction activities within proximity	Contractor/Proponent		
	to Transnet Infrastructure  (a) Transnet has not objection against the			
	proposed power lined development crossing or running in parallel or in close proximity of			

the Ø323.8 millimetre (mm) pipeline within
the 6m wide pipeline servitude from the
proposed development.
(b) Transnet Pipeline gives the applicant 24
months, from the date of the letter conveying
the comments and conditions (19/01/2017),
in case the proposed development is not
commenced with during this time the
applicant has 2 months before the expiry of
the 24 months to apply for extension.
(c) Other conditions:
i. Prior to the commencement of the
proposed power line development, it
is required that a representative of
Transnet Pipelines be present to
indicate the position of pipelines and
to undertake any necessary work on
Transnet's pipelines. The Servitude
Supervisor is Francois Malan, must
be communicated with 14 days
before the date of commencement of
the proposed power line development
works. Tel: 011 978 2687/ Mobile:
083 854 1380.
ii. Arrangements will also be made to
visit the proposed power line
development site periodically whilst
the work is in progress. Should the
work be undertaken without Transnet
Pipeline's representative being
contacted, Transnet Pipelines
reserves the right to request that the
applicant expose the pipeline/s at its
costs so the examination for possible
damage could be undertaken.
iii. The attached standard crossing
iii. The attached standard crossing

	conditions and requirements for overhead cables must be compiled with.  iv. An Excavation Permit shall be issued by Transnet Pipeline's Servitude Supervisor to the competent person of the applicant's contractor, should excavation work be required within or in proximity of the Transnet Pipeline's servitudes.  v. Heavy plant driven equipment shall not be used in the pipeline servitude area, all excavations must be undertaken by hand and handheld compactors shall be utilised in the servitude area.			
B.2. Maintenance of Construc	tion Camp (as applicable)	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
	B.2.1 Ablution  (a) Portable chemical toilets must be acquired and placed at the construction site(s). At least 1 toilet to 20 workers must be erected.  (b) Chemical toilets to be used on site, grey water must be disposed of off-site at a licensed waste treatment works.  (c) The toilets must be located within the construction camp site(s) or as directed by the ECO / PM.  (d) Construction camps, toilets and temporary laydown areas must be located at least 30m away from the edge of any drainage lines.  B.2.2 Esting Areas.	Proponent	As per Eskom current procedures or as directed by the EO / PM	
	B.2.2. Eating Areas	Contractor	Daily and Weekly	

	<ul> <li>(a) Eating areas must be serviced and cleaned regularly to ensure the highest possible standards of hygiene and cleanliness.</li> <li>(b) All litter throughout the site must be picked up and placed in the appropriate recycling bins provided.</li> </ul>		inspection	
	B.2.3. Housekeeping  (a) The contractor must ensure that his camp and working areas are kept clean and tidy at all times.  (b) The contractor must implement good housekeeping practises to minimise the visual impact of waste and discarded materials.	Contractor	Daily	
B.3. Staff Conduct		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
	B.3.1. Environmental Education and Awareness/ Safety  (a) The contractor must monitor the performance of construction workers to ensure that all the topics that were covered in the induction meeting are properly understood, and followed.  (b) HIV & AIDS awareness talks must be given at the construction camp site(s) on a regular basis by the relevant personnel.	Contractor	Daily/ Weekly	"Toolbox talks" and lunch time Q&A.
B.4. Waste Management		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
Activities in the construction site such as office work, usage of construction materials, etc., generate different types of waste that requires to be	(a) Waste is grouped into "general" or "hazardous", depending on its characteristics. The classification determines the handling methods and the ultimate disposal of the	Contractor/ EO/ PM	During the start-up of construction on site and on-going thereafter.	ECO and PM need to ensure that all construction staff is educated on waste management.

			T
managed properly. These	material. The Contractor/ ECO must classify	During waste	
wastes could result in	waste into general or hazardous based on	collection.	
environmental pollution such	the toxicity or hazard nature of waste.		
as soil contamination/ pollution	(b) Waste must be placed in the designated or	Prior to signing an	
•	marked skips/ bins which must be emptied on		
or health hazards to	a regular basis by a contracted waste	agreement with the	
employees working on-site, if	collector. These must remain within the	waste removal	
not managed properly.	demarcated areas and must be designed to	contractor.	
	prevent refuse from being blown out by wind.		
	(c) Separation of waste and recycling of paper,		
	glass, cans, scrap, metals, plastic bottles,		
	etc., must be considered prior to disposal.		
	The disposal at the landfill site must be		
	considered as the last option, after having		
	taken into consideration the prevention of		
	waste generation, reduction waste		
	generation, reuse and recycling.		
	(d) Hazardous waste that requires disposal (oily		
	rags, used fuel/ oil, etc.) must be placed in a		
	suitable leak proof skip or wheelie bin for		
	disposal at an approved hazardous waste		
	disposal facility.		
	(e) A service provider should be appointed to		
	transport and dispose the hazardous waste at		
	an approved landfill site.		
	(f) The contractor is responsible for arranging		
	the removal of all waste from site generated		
	through construction activities. Waste must		
	be removed to a registered, appropriate		
	disposal and recycling facility. The Rand		
	West City Local Municipality has suggested		
	the Uitvalfontein Landfill site for general		
	waste only.		
	(g) Comply with the requirements of the		
	Randfontein Integrated Solid Waste		
	Management By-laws.		

(h) No burning and littering of waste on site must	
be allowed.	
(i) All drainage lines must generally be treated	
as "no-go" areas and appropriately	
demarcated as such. No vehicles, machinery,	
personnel, construction materials, cement,	
fuel, oil or waste must be allowed into these	
areas without the express permission of and	
supervision by the ECO.	
(j) Keep waste in vermin proof bins with lids.	
(k) Request the following from the waste	
contractors:	
Copies of the weighbridge receipt from	
the waste removal contractor for all waste	
collected on site.	
(I) There is no waste disposal facility within	
Mogale City Local Municipality (MCLM)	
capable of handling and treating waste oil, it	
is therefore recommended that the applicant	
develop a waste management plan for the	
waste oil addressing the following issues	
amongst others;	
Storage facility taking into account the	
volumes produced and protection of the	
environment;	
Measures to be taken to manage waste	
oil at this facility;	
Transportation of the waste oil from the	
site by an accredited service provider to a	
licensed disposal facility;	
There should be an arrangement with the	

B.5. Construction Vehicles/ Ed	concerned waste facility which should be attached to the application indicating that the facility is capable of handling the waste oil from the site;  • Methods of monitoring and reporting on an annual basis to MCLM on all the above aspects of the plan.	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
Engine machines such as compressors, pumps, air conditioners and arc welders can have small leaks (usually oil) that can accumulate to become spills, which require clean-up. These leaks become more evident if the equipment remains in the same place for an extended period of time. Damaged fuel tanks, fuel hoses, and fuel pumps can be sources of significant fuel leaks. Hydraulic systems can blow gaskets or hoses resulting in large quantities of hydraulic fluid spilled to the ground.	<ul> <li>(a) Vehicles and machinery are to be kept in good working order and to meet manufactures specification for safety, fuel consumption and emission.</li> <li>(b) Should excessive emissions be observed, the site manager needs to implement an effective vehicle and equipment service and maintenance plan.</li> <li>(c) Vehicle parking and equipment storage must be done on a hardened and sealed surface area such that oil, fuel and other fluid leaks do not pollute soil or ground water sources.</li> <li>(d) Drip trays must be placed underneath vehicles when not in use.</li> </ul>	Contractor/ EO	On going	Contractor must follow a detailed checklist for machinery and equipment maintenance.
Increased noise and dust emissions from construction vehicles carrying out construction activities may	B.5.2 Construction activities – increase in dust and noise generation  (a) Use existing roads to access the site in order	Contractor/ EO	On-going/ daily	Contractor/ EO must ensure that the necessary noise and dust control measures

occur.	to limit the amount of dust on site. General housekeeping must also be maintained.  (b) Avoid unnecessary movement of transportation vehicles on site.  (c) Apply appropriate dust suppression methods. (d) No potable water may be used for dust suppression (as far as is practically possible).  (e) Construction time must be restricted to working hours (07:00-18:00) Monday to Friday excluding public holidays (unless prior permission is obtained from the adjacent landowners.  (f) All noise and sounds generated during the proposed activity must comply with the relevant SANS codes and standards.  (g) All construction equipment or machinery must be switched off when not in use.  (h) Construction equipment must be kept in good working condition.  (i) Plant and vehicles must be in good working order and visually inspected daily.  (j) Use silencers on all equipment, where appropriate.			be implemented and applied throughout the entire construction phase of the project.
B.6. Emergency Response to	Spillages	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
This section aims to provide measures to manage spillages from equipment used on site and measures for other construction materials handled on site.	B.6.1 Emergency Response to spillages  The contractor must take into account the following prevention measures to be applied during spillages.  (a) Immediately repair all leaks of hydrocarbons, oil, etc.  (b) Take reasonable measure to prevent further spills or leaks.	Contractor	During spillages	The ECO/ EO and contractor must ensure that the Emergency response procedure is well understood by all workers on site and that a summary is available for site visitors.

	<ul> <li>(c) Dispose contaminated materials to a location designated thereto, for further disposal at a registered landfill site.</li> <li>(d) The contractor must have its own spill response plan in the event of any spills (oil, fuel, hazardous materials) from his machinery or equipment used on site.</li> </ul>			
This section aims to provide measures to prevent pollution of the environment as well as to minimise the chances of transgression of the acts controlling pollution.	<ul> <li>(a) The contractor must provide method statements for the "handling &amp; storage of oils and chemicals", "fire", and "emergency spills procedures".</li> <li>(b) These substances must be confined to specific and secured areas within the contractor's camp, and in a way that does not pose a danger of pollution even during times of high rainfall. These areas must be imperviously bunded with adequate containment (at least 110% the volume of the fuel) for potential spills or leaks.</li> <li>(c) Drip trays (minimum of 10cm deep or appropriate alternative viz. eco-blocks) must be placed under all vehicles that stand for more than 24 hours. Vehicles suspected of leaking must not be left unattended, drip trays must be utilised.</li> <li>(d) The surface area of the drip trays will be dependent on the vehicle and must be large enough to catch any hydrocarbons that may leak from the vehicle while standing.</li> <li>(e) The depth of the drip tray must be determined considering the total amount/ volume of oil in the vehicle. The drip tray must be able to contain the volume of oil in</li> </ul>	Contractor	On-going/ daily	

	the vehicle.  (f) Spill kits must be available on site and in all vehicles that transport hydrocarbons for dispensing to other vehicles on the construction site. Spill kits must be made up of material/ product that is in line with environmental best practice (SUNSORB is a recommended product that is environmentally friendly).  (g) All spilled hazardous substances must be contained in impermeable containers for removal to a licensed hazardous waste site, (this includes contaminated soils, and drenched spill kit material).  (h) No chemical control (herbicides) of alien plants to be used within 100m of watercourse or farm dams			
B.7. Cement Handling		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
This section aims to provide measures to minimise the possibility of cement residue entering into the surrounding environment.	<ul> <li>(a) The contractor must provide and maintain a method statement for "cement and concrete batching". The method statement must provide information on proposed storage, washing &amp; disposal of cement, packaging, tools and plant.</li> <li>(b) The mixing of concrete must only be done at specifically selected sites on mortar boards or similar structures to contain run-off into soils, streams and natural vegetation.</li> <li>(c) No mixing of cement/concrete must take place within 30m of aquatic features.</li> <li>(d) Cleaning of cement mixing and handling equipment must be done using proper cleaning trays and at designated areas only.</li> </ul>	Contractor	On-going/ daily	

This section aims to provide measures to minimise pollution of soil, surface and groundwater resources.	<ul> <li>(e) Water used to clean concrete off of machinery must be treated as grey water and disposed of at a licensed water treatment works.</li> <li>B.7.2 Storage and disposal requirements</li> <li>(a) All empty cement bags must be stored in a dedicated area and later removed from the site for appropriate disposal at a licensed facility. The burning of cement bags is strictly forbidden.</li> <li>(b) Any spillage that may occur must be investigated and immediate remedial action must be taken.</li> <li>(c) The visible remains of concrete, either solid, or from washings, must be physically removed immediately and disposed of as waste to a registered landfill site.</li> <li>(d) Cement batching areas must be located in consultation with the ECO to ensure residues are contained and that the proposed location does not fall within sensitive areas such as</li> </ul>	Contractor	On-going/ daily	
B.8 Dangerous and Toxic Mate	drainage lines, storm water channels, etc.	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
		•		
This section aims to provide measures to prevent pollution of soil, surface and ground water resources in the immediate and surrounding environments. It also proposes measures to minimise the chances of transgression of the legislation controlling	<ul> <li>(a) Materials such as fuel, oil, paint, herbicide and insecticides must be sealed and stored in bermed areas or under lock and key, as appropriate, in well-ventilated areas.</li> <li>(b) Sufficient care must be taken when handling these materials to prevent pollution. Training on the handling of dangerous and toxic materials must be conducted for all staff prior</li> </ul>	Contractor	On-going/ daily	

pollution.	to the commencement of construction.  (c) In the case of pollution of any surface or groundwater, the Regional Representative of the Department of Water and Sanitation (DWS) must be informed immediately.  (d) Storage areas must display the required safety signs depicting "no smoking", "No Naked lights" and "Danger" containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents as well as safety requirements.  (e) The contractor must supply a method statement for the storage of hazardous materials at tender stage.  (f) Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) must be prepared for all hazardous substances on site and supplied by the supplier where relevant. MSDS's must be updated as required.	Posnonsihility	Fraguency	Notes
B.9. Bulk Storage of Fuels and	ouis (as applicable)	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
This section aims to provide measures to prevent pollution of soil, surface and ground water resources in the immediate and surrounding environments. It also proposes measures to minimise the chances of transgression of the acts controlling pollution.	<ul> <li>(a) The contractor must provide and maintain a method statement for "Diesel tanks and refuelling procedures".</li> <li>(b) Bulk fuel storage tanks on the site must be on an impervious surface that is bunded and able to contain at least 110% of the volume of the tanks. The filler tap must be inside the bunded area where possible and the bund wall must not have a tap or valve.</li> <li>(c) The bunded area must have a water/ fuel sump separator.</li> <li>(d) A Flammable Liquid License must be obtained for diesel volumes greater than 200 litres.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Once of as required	

B.10. Use of Dangerous and T	<ul> <li>(e) Bulk fuel storage tanks must be located in a portion of the construction camp where they do not pose a high risk in terms of water pollution (i.e. they must be located away from water courses and drainage lines)</li> <li>(f) Bulk fuel storage tanks must be placed so that they are out of the way of traffic, so that the risk of the tanks being ruptured or damaged by vehicles is minimised.</li> <li>(g) Bulk fuel storage areas must be covered during the rainy season.</li> <li>(h) No fuel storage, refuelling, vehicle maintenance or vehicle depots must be allowed within 30m of the edge of any drainage lines.</li> <li>(i) Refuelling and fuel storage areas, and areas used for the servicing or parking of vehicles and machinery must be located on impervious bases and must have bunds around them. Bunds must be sufficiently high to ensure that all the fuel kept in the area will be captured in the event of a major spillage.</li> </ul>	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
This section aims to provide	B.10.1 Use of dangerous and toxic materials	Contractor	As required	
measures to prevent pollution of soil, surface and ground water resources in the immediate and surrounding environments. It also proposes measures to minimise the chances of transgression of the acts controlling pollution.	<ul> <li>(a) The contractor must keep the necessary materials and equipment on site to deal with spills/ fire of the materials present should they occur.</li> <li>(b) The contractor must set up a procedure (which will be stipulated in a method statement) for dealing with spills/ fire, which will include notifying the ECO and the relevant authorities prior to commencing with</li> </ul>	Contractor	As required	

B.11. Stockpile Handling	construction. These procedures must be developed with consultation and approval by the appointed EO.  (c) A record must be kept of all spills and the corrective action taken.	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
Stockpiles need to be managed in accordance with the outlined specifications in order to minimise the scarring of the soil surface and land features, disturbance and loss of soil, construction footprint, sedimentation of nearby drainage lines; maintain the integrity of the topsoil for landscaping, containment of invasive plant growth as well as the contamination of storm water run-off.	<ul> <li>(a) All stockpiled material must be easily accessible without any environmental damage.</li> <li>(b) All temporarily stockpiled material must be stockpiled in such a way that the spread of materials are minimised.</li> <li>(c) The stockpiles may only be placed within the demarcated areas the location of which must be approved by the ECO.</li> <li>(d) The contractor must avoid all clearly marked vegetated areas that will not be cleared.</li> <li>(e) Storm water run-off from the stockpile sites and other related areas must be directed into the storm water system with the necessary pollution prevention measures such as silt traps and may not run freely into the immediate and surrounding environments.</li> <li>(f) Stockpiles are to be stabilised if signs of erosion are visible.</li> <li>(g) During construction, all materials and stockpiles will be covered with tarps to prevent erosion as well as dust, and to mitigate the visibility thereof (where required and as directed by the ECO).</li> <li>(h) Soils from different horizons must be stockpiled such that topsoil stockpiles do not get contaminated by sub-soil material.</li> </ul>	Contractor	On-going/ daily	

	<ul> <li>(i) Topsoil stockpiles must be monitored for invasive exotic vegetation growth. Contractors must remediate as and when required in consultation with the ECO.</li> <li>(j) No plant, workforce or any construction related activities may be allowed onto the topsoil stockpiles.</li> <li>(k) Topsoil stockpiles must be clearly demarcated as no-go areas.</li> <li>(l) Stockpiles must not be higher than 2m to avoid compaction thereby maintaining the soil integrity and chemical composition.</li> <li>(m) No spoil material, including stripped topsoil, must be temporarily stockpiled within 30m of the edge of any drainage line.</li> </ul>			
B.12 Fire Management		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
This section aims to provide measures to minimise the destruction of natural fauna and flora as well as maintain the general safety on site.	<ul> <li>(a) The contractors must provide and maintain a method statement for "fires", clearly indicating where and for what reason fires will be utilised and details on the fuel to be utilised.</li> <li>(b) Absolutely no burning of waste is permitted.</li> <li>(c) No open fires permitted on site at any time.</li> <li>(d) No wood is to be collected, chopped or felled for fires from private or public property as well as from no-go or sensitive areas within the site and any surrounding natural vegetation.</li> <li>(e) Employ a fire officer for on-site control.</li> <li>(f) Fire-fighting equipment to be kept on site and serviced regularly.</li> </ul>	Contractor	On-going/ daily	Nada
B.13. Erosion and Sedimentat	ion	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes

This section aims to provide	B.13.1 Erosion and Sedimentation	Contractor	On-going/ daily	
measures to minimise the	Management		an ganigi aaniy	
damage caused by erosion,	goo			
1	(a) To reduce the loss of material by erosion, the			
impedance of the natural flow	contractor must ensure that disturbance on			
of water, scarring of the soil	site is kept to a minimum. The contractor is			
surface and land features,	responsible for rehabilitating all eroded areas			
disturbance and loss of topsoil	in such a way that the erosion potential is			
as well as enable the re-	minimised after construction has been			
growth of disturbed areas.	completed.			
g. c	(b) Should there be any disturbed areas during			
	the construction phase, this must be			
	rehabilitated during (where possible) and			
	after the completion of the construction			
	phase.			
	(c) These areas must be cordoned off so that			
	vehicles or construction personnel cannot			
	gain access to these areas.			
	(d) Limit the footprint area of the construction			
	activities to what is absolutely essential in			
	order to minimise environmental damage,			
	especially where towers will encroach upon			
	watercourse boundary. Construction vehicles			
D.44 Farms and Flam	must use existing roads where possible.	Decrease in life.	F	Natas
B.14. Fauna and Flora		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
This section aims to provide	B.14.1 Fauna Management	Contractor	On-going/ daily	
measures to minimise the				
disturbance to animals,	(a) All activities on site must comply with the			
interruption of breeding	regulations of the Animals Protection Act,			
patterns of birds as well as the	1962 (Act No. 71 of 1962), as amended.			
destruction of habitats.	(b) All construction workers must be informed			
	that the intentional killing of any animal is not			
	permitted as faunal species are a benefit to society. Poaching is illegal and it must be a			
	condition of employment that any employee			
	condition of employment that any employee			

	caught poaching will be dismissed.	
	Employees must be trained on how to deal	
	with fauna species as intentional killing will	
	not be tolerated. In the case of a problem	
	animal, e.g. a large snake, a specialist must	
	be called in to safely relocate the animal if the	
	EO or ECO is not able to.	
(c)	Environmental induction training and	
	awareness must include aspects dealing in	
	safety with wild animals into and on site.	
	Focus on animals such as snakes and other	
	reptiles that often generate fear by telling	
	workers how to move safely away and to	
	whom to report the sighting. Workers must	
	also be informed where snakes most often	
	hide so that they can be vigilant when lifting	
	stones, etc.	
(ď	Disturbances to nesting sites of birds must be	
	avoided, as far as possible.	
(e <sup>°</sup>	Vegetation clearance must be conducted	
	systematically from the start to the end of the	
	route to allow fauna to move away.	
(f)	Construction activities and vehicle traffic	
	should be restricted to daylight hours when	
	the majority of faunal species are inactive.	
(q	Species such as tortoises and porcupines	
	must be removed to surrounding areas if	
	encountered on site and not collected as this	
	is illegal.	
(h	) Should wild animals be encountered during	
	the construction phase, these animals must	
	not be hunted or harmed, but allowed to	
	escape into surrounding land.	
(i)		
	floodplains, rocky habitat, ridges, wetlands	
	and other sensitive sites must be avoided as	

	far as is possible. This will require proactive planning and route alignments to minimize the area that will be directly affected by pylons and construction activities.  (j) Where-ever possible, the timing and duration of construction activities must be scheduled to prevent direct impacts on key breeding times and seasons. This would apply specifically to sensitive mammal species, carnivore species and larger bird species.		
This section aims to provide measures to minimise the disturbance to vegetation, prevent litigation concerning removal of vegetation, encourage natural habitat fauna, minimise scarring of the soil surface and land features, minimise disturbance and loss of topsoil as well as the risk of fauna and flora destruction.	<ul> <li>(a) Trees and natural vegetation or any other natural features inside and outside the work area, which will not be cleared for construction purposes as indicated by the ECO, must be clearly demarcated and not be defaced, removed, painted for benchmarks or otherwise damaged, even for survey purposes. The latter can only be done if stipulated in the EA and must be overseen by the EO and ECO. Any feature defaced by the contractor must be reinstated to the satisfaction of the ECO and penalties/fines may be imposed by the ER.</li> <li>(b) The contractor must rehabilitate any disturbed areas concurrently during construction (where possible) and once construction activities have terminated, e.g. by removing all contaminated soils. The crew camp during construction must be located in an area that will be developed to impervious surfaces after construction, so as to ensure that natural vegetation cover is not disturbed. A method statement must be provided and</li> </ul>	Contractor	As and when required

maintained by the contractor.
(c) Once construction is complete, rehabilitation
of un-built areas must be undertaken in order
to restore the aesthetic & ecological value of
the area. It is recommended that the ECO be
consulted with regard to the most appropriate
rehabilitation vegetation and structures.
Active re-vegetation must take place with
locally indigenous vegetation under the
supervision of the ECO.
(d) No open fires must be allowed on site under
any circumstances, fires will only be
permitted in adequate facility within the crew
camp, Forest Act, 1984 (Act No. 122 of
1984).
(e) Avoid strip clearing.
(f) Vegetation must be removed only where
construction is to take place.
(g) Clearing of the servitude must be as narrow
as possible to prevent major destruction of
habitats.
(h) Prior to construction, the route must be
walked by a qualified botanist, to locate and
remove sensitive species.
(i) Should any sensitive species be found,
management measure must be adopted for
the species and fenced if applicable.
(j) Sensitive plant species must be removed and
relocated from points of direct impact before
construction starts.
(k) Sensitive habitats that include riparian areas,
floodplains, rocky habitat, ridges, wetlands
and other sensitive sites must be avoided as
far as is possible. This will require proactive
planning and route alignments to minimize
the area that will be directly affected by

	pylons and construction activities.  (I) A strategy must be developed prior to construction to prevent the spread and dispersal of alien plants. Where possible, strategies to prevent the regrowth and coppicing of felled exotic or alien trees must be formulated and enforced throughout the life time of the power line.			
This section aims to provide measures to minimise the disturbance to sensitive avifauna species.	<ul> <li>(a) An appropriate pylon must be designed to ensure that large birds (vultures and secretary bird as well as larger eagles) are not likely to be electrocuted by the infrastructure. This will require adequate perches for birds to rest on, the prevention of areas on the pylon for birds to roost and nest in, adequate distances between power lines to prevent the earthing of the line and adequate measures to discourage birds from roosting at the substations.</li> <li>(b) Ensure that all new lines are marked with bird flight diverters along the entire length, using industry standard markers and marker fitting protocols.</li> <li>(c) In situations where new lines traverse in parallel with existing, unmarked power lines, this approach has the added benefit of reducing the collision risk posed by the older line.</li> <li>(d) Ensure that all new power infrastructure is adequately insulated and bird-friendly in configuration.</li> <li>(e) Minimise disturbance impacts associated with</li> </ul>	Contractor	As and when required	

	the construction of the line by abbreviating construction time, scheduling construction activities around avian breeding schedules where necessary, lowering levels of associated noise, and reducing the size of the inclusive development footprint.  (f) Minimise the extent of woodland cleared in the servitude required to track the route of all new lines – ideally by routing these lines within existing development corridors.  (g) Establishing a practical and sustainable management plan for dealing with raptor stick-nests built on the new line. Ultimately, these may include nest sites of red-listed or otherwise scarce species such as African Fish-Eagle, African Hawk Eagle, Martial Eagle and Lanner Falcon.		_	
B.15. Wetland and Riparian Fe	eatures	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
This section aims to provide measures to minimise the damage caused by construction activities on the various riverine features found around the study area.	<ul> <li>B.15.1 Footprint Management</li> <li>(a) Limit the footprint area of the construction activities to what is absolutely essential in order to minimise environmental damage, especially where towers will encroach upon the riverine boundary. Construction vehicles must use existing roads where possible.</li> <li>(b) During construction all building materials must be kept out of the riverine areas as well as any active stream channels.</li> <li>(c) In any areas where disturbance of banks or riverine vegetation occurs, bank and bed profile must be re-instated in such a way as to reinstate sustainable habitat conditions.</li> <li>(d) Keep all demarcated sensitive zones outside</li> </ul>	Contractor	On-going/ daily	

of the construction area off limits during the construction and rehabilitation phases of the development.  (e) Appropriate sanitary facilities must be provided during the construction phase and all waste removed to an appropriate waste facility.  (f) Water conservation must be actively promoted through water saving technologies.		
(g) No construction is to take place within 50m of the edge of any of the farm dams.		
B.15.2 Vehicle Access		
(a) All construction footprint areas must remain as small as possible and must not encroach onto surrounding sensitive areas. It must be ensured that these areas are off-limits to construction vehicles and personnel as far as possible.		
(b) In the event of a breakdown, maintenance of vehicles must be taken with caution and the recollection of spillage must be practiced near the surface area to prevent ingress of hydrocarbons into topsoil.		
<ul> <li>(c) It must be ensured that all hazardous storage containers and storage areas comply with the relevant SABS standards to prevent leakage. All vehicles must be regularly inspected for leaks. Re-fuelling must take place on a sealed surface area to prevent ingress of hydrocarbons into topsoil.</li> <li>(d) All spills must be immediately cleaned up and</li> </ul>		

	treated accordingly.			
	B.15.2 Soil Conditions			
	<ul> <li>(a) All soils compacted as a result of construction activities falling outside of project footprint areas must be ripped and profiled. Special attention must be paid to alien and invasive species control within these areas. Alien and invasive vegetation control must take place throughout all construction and rehabilitation phases to prevent loss of floral habitat.</li> <li>(b) Monitor all systems for erosion and incision.</li> </ul>			
B.16. Heritage Features		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
This section aims to provide measures to minimise the damage caused by construction activities on the various heritage resources found throughout the study area.	<ul> <li>(a) If at all possible, the burial site must be avoided and fenced off with danger tape during construction of the power line.</li> <li>(b) A valid permit for the relocation of the graves must be obtained from SAHRA, SAPS, Dept. of Health, etc. if graves should be relocated.</li> </ul>	Contractor	As and when required	
B.17. Surface Water Areas		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
	<ul> <li>B.17.1. Construction near surface water features</li> <li>(a) No construction is to take place within 50m of the edge of any of the farm dams;</li> <li>(b) A storm water management plan must be compiled and implemented to address issues such as storm water runoff and potential erosion;</li> <li>(c) No pylon structures must be placed within any watercourses and erosion prone areas;</li> </ul>	Contractor	During the construction phase	

	(d) The mechanical control and monitoring of alien plants to be used within 100m of watercourses or farm dams.			
B.18. Vegetation Features				Notes
B.18. Vegetation Features	B.18.1. Vegetation within the proposed development site  (a) For all species protected in terms of the National or Provincial Legislation within the proposed development areas, permits must be obtained from relevant authorities before construction commence;  (b) Recommendations by the Ecological Specialist must be adhered to and implemented;  (c) Mitigation options must be considered in terms of the following hierarchy: (1) avoidance; (2) minimisation; (3) restoration; and (4) offsets;  (d) The positioning of the proposed substations to avoid any pristine	Responsibility  Contractor and applicant	Frequency  During the construction phase	Notes
	grassland areas and be placed primarily within disturbed areas;  (e) It should be noted that based on the ecological specialist investigations, the powerline route alternative 3 and substation site alternative 3 is not recommended and powerline route alternatives 1 and 2 are preferred and recommended for approval.			

#### **3.3** Section C: Operation Phase Activities

C.1. Power Lines		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
	<ul> <li>(a) Inspect power lines regularly for signs of vandalism or theft of support structures or conductors.</li> <li>(b) Install anti-climb wires to deter individuals from climbing towers.</li> <li>(c) Monitor the growth of vegetation in the servitude and keep the clearance between vegetation and lines to those legally required.</li> <li>(d) Monitor bird nests on power lines, which if present must be managed according to Eskom's Bird Nesting Guidelines.</li> <li>(e) All collisions and electrocutions must be recorded and passed to relevant authorities including Eskom management.</li> <li>(f) If collision and electrocution increases, management measures must be considered to mitigate such impacts.</li> </ul>	Proponent	In accordance with Eskom specifications and guidelines	
C.2. Access Tracks		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
	(a) The maintenance of access tracks is the responsibility of Eskom.     (b) Access tracks must be repaired when necessary to avoid the formation of ruts.     (c) Eskom's Erosion Guidelines must be used to manage erosion of access routes and servitudes.     (d) All weeds and invasive vegetation in the electrical servitude must be monitored and eradicated on a continuous basis for the period the servitude will be	Proponent	In accordance with Eskom specifications and guidelines	

	in use.			
C.3. Vegetation Features		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
	B.3.1. Vegetation within the proposed development	Applicant	Once the construction	
	site		phase cease	
	(a) Rehabilitation and revegetation together with the Protected Plant Rescue and Protection Plans must be implemented and adhered to.			

This section must be updated as operational needs dictate.

#### 3.4 Section D: Decommissioning Phase Activities

Please note that that it is not envisaged that the Westgate - Tarlton 132kV power line will be decommissioned. However should this come into effect at a later point in time, this EMPr will have to be updated to include specific measures and methodologies for the decommissioning activities. Below are the major activities anticipated to occur during the decommissioning.

D.1. Waste Management	D.1. Waste Management		Frequency	Notes
	<ul> <li>D.1.1 Waste Management</li> <li>(a) Waste generation must be managed according to international best practice.</li> <li>(b) All materials that can be recycled must be recycled where possible.</li> </ul>	Proponent	In accordance with Eskom specifications and guidelines	
D.2. Emergency Response for Spillages		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
	<ul><li>D.2.1 Soil Contamination</li><li>(a) Contaminated soil must be removed and disposed of at an appropriate registered landfill site.</li></ul>	Proponent	In accordance with Eskom specifications and guidelines	

D.3. Decommissioning Activities and associated Heavy Machinery and		Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
Equipment				
	<ul> <li>D.3.1 Alteration of Hydrology of Drainage Lines</li> <li>(a) All decommissioning vehicles must be kept in good working condition.</li> <li>(b) All decommissioning vehicles must be parked in demarcated areas when not in use, and the soil in this area must be rehabilitated (if required).</li> <li>(c) No vehicles, machinery, personnel, construction material, cement, fuel, oil or waste must be allowed outside of the demarcated working areas.</li> <li>(d) No fuel storage, refuelling, vehicle maintenance or vehicle depots must be allowed within 30m of the edge of any drainage lines;</li> <li>(e) Vehicles and machinery must not be washed within 30m of the edge of any drainage lines.</li> <li>(f) No effluents or polluted water must be allowed to</li> </ul>	Proponent	In accordance with Eskom specifications and guidelines	
D.4. Site Rehabilitation	discharge into any drainage lines or wetland areas.  of Disturbed Areas Surrounding the Newly	Responsibility	Frequency	Notes
Constructed Powerline		, <b>,</b>		110000
	D.4.1 Rehabilitation of the environment surrounding the newly constructed Power Line  (a) Ensure that all disturbed areas are stabilised as soon as possible after disturbance or usage. Particular attention must be paid to slopes greater than 20° (1:5) and other areas prone to erosion which must be appropriately vegetated. Rehabilitated areas that are susceptible to erosion due to their position in the landscape must be adequately protected by soil conservation measures.	Proponent	On-going	

(b)	Ensure that all construction access roads are	
,	closed and the area rehabilitated upon completion	
	of the construction works, unless otherwise	
	specified by the EO and agreed with the landowner.	
(c)	Remove from the site all construction equipment,	
, ,	surplus material, waste and temporary structures	
	and works of every kind before the final hand-over.	
	After completion of construction, the site must be	
	properly cleaned of any construction waste, litter	
	etc. and adequately rehabilitated/re-vegetated (as	
	directed by the ECO).	
(d)	Rehabilitate any environmental damage caused by	
	construction activities before the final hand-over	
(e)	Removal of all excavated material (rocks, excess	
	soil, etc.) and construction rubble after construction	
	is completed.	
(f)	Re-vegetated areas must be monitored by the ECO	
	within 3 months after re-vegetation and during the	
	next growing season to ensure that the vegetation	
	has stabilised to a determined level prior to	
	construction.	
(g)	Rehabilitated areas showing inadequate surface	
	coverage (less than 30% within 9 months after	
	rehabilitation) must be prepared and re-vegetated	
	from scratch with a suitable grass mix that is	
	compatible with the surrounding vegetation;	
(h)	Exotic weeds and invaders that are likely to	
	establish on the rehabilitated areas are to be	
	controlled to allow natural vegetation to properly	
	establish.	
(1)	Damage to rehabilitated areas must be repaired	
	promptly.	
(0)	The erosion risk will be reduced significantly during	
	the dry season (i.e. winter). Therefore, depending	
	on the construction schedule, excavation activities	
	must be focussed during winter.	 

The rehabilitation schedule and procedure to be adhered to is as follows (this methodology should be updated during the construction phase):

**Table 2: Rehabilitation Schedule and Procedure** 

Step	Method	Equipment
1	Remove all construction material from the area where construction has been completed	To be undertaken by hand.
2	The ground must be sloped so as to attain a natural slope and to attain a natural water flow, if it has been altered during construction (the natural slope must be altered as little as possible during construction).	To be undertaken by hand.
3	Topsoil that has been stockpiled during construction must be applied to the area to undergo rehabilitation. The depth of the topsoil layer to be applied depends on the natural depth of topsoil in the area, and the amount of topsoil that may have been lost during construction.	Appropriate machinery that will not result in compaction of the soil.
4	The area must be mulched to improve water retention, and brushwood applied to act as a soil stabiliser. Mulch and brushwood must be applied more heavily in areas which are presently well-wooded (or as directed by the ECO).	The mulch used must be woodchip, obtained commercially or from trees removed during site clearance. The brushwood is obtained from the bushes and trees removed during site clearance.
5	The naked ground will be seeded with a stabilising grass mix suited to the conditions. The quantity of seed used will depend on the slope, with a steeper slope requiring a heavier application of seed. For slopes:  • >15°: 25-50 kg/ha  • <15°: 15-25 kg/ha  The natural seed bank in the topsoil will supplement the seed mix applied. These figures must act as a guide only, and the ECO must determine the correct quantities to be applied.	Appropriate machinery that will not result in compaction of the soil.
6	The areas which have been seeded must be regularly watered directly after seeding until the grass cover becomes established. Watering must ensure that no erosion	A hosepipe must be available on site.

	of the topsoil and seed mix takes place.		
7	If the grasses have not established after a period of two months after seeding, the	As above	
	area must be reseeded. If necessary, another dressing of topsoil must be applied		
	prior to seeding.		
8	Slope stabilisation measures may be necessary in places where grass has not been	Various slope stabilisation measures are available and vary in	
	able to establish and there is an erosion risk. The measures implemented depend effectiveness according to the situation inclu		
	on the situation, and can be varied as necessary. The ECO will direct the	ect the • Onion bags; and	
	Contractor as required.	Logs/bark held in place with pegs.	

## ANNEXURE 1: DECLARATION OF UNDERSTANDING BY THE DEVELOPER

I,	
Representing	
Declare that I have read and understood the conte Management Plan for:	ents of the Environmental
Contract	
I also declare that I understand my responsibilities in implementing the Environmental Specifications for the aform	
Signed:	-
Place:	-
Date:	-
Witness 1:	-
Witness2:	_

#### ANNEXURE 2: DECLARATION OF UNDERSTANDING BY THE ENGINEER

I,
Representing
Declare that I have read and understood the contents of the Environmental Management Plan for:
Contract
I also declare that I understand my responsibilities in terms of enforcing and implementing the Environmental Specifications for the aforementioned Contract.
Signed:
Place:
Date:
Witness 1:
Witness2

# ANNEXURE 3: DECLARATION OF UNDERSTANDING BY THE CONTRACTOR

I,	
Representing	
Declare that I have read and understood the contents Management Plan for:	of the Environmental
Contract	
I also declare that I understand my responsibilities in telescommental specifications for the aforemental specifications	
Signed:	
Place:	
Date:	
Witness 1:	
Witness2:	

METHOD STATEMENT: Solid Waste Management
CONTRACT: DATE:
WHAT WORK IS TO BE UNDERTAKEN? [Give a brief description of the works to be undertaken on site that will generate waste (hazardous and non-hazardous wastes)]: * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required.
*Insert additional pages as required
misert additional pages as required
WHERE ARE THE WORKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN? (Where possible, provide an annotated plan and a full description of the extent of the works): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required
*Insert additional pages as required

## **METHOD STATEMENT: Solid Waste Management (contd.)**

START AND END DATE OF THE WORKS FOR WHICH THE METHOD STATEMENT IS REQUIRED:
Start Date: End Date:
<b>HOW IS WASTE TO BE MANAGED ON SITE?</b> (Provide as much detail as possible, including annotated sketches and plans where possible): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required
*Insert additional pages as required

# **DECLARATIONS** for Method Statement: Solid Waste Management (contd.)

1) ENGINEER	
	ethod Statement, if carried out according to the methodology nt or control environmental harm and is thus approved:
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	
2) ECO	
	ethod Statement, if carried out according to the methodology nt or control environmental harm and is thus approved:
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	
2) CONTRACTOR	
further understand that this Me	Method Statement and the scope of the works required of me. thod Statement may be amended on application to and with at the SHE Coordinator, Construction Manager and ECO will audit of this Method Statement
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	

METHOD STATEMENT: Crew Camps and Construction Lay Down Areas
CONTRACT: DATE:
WHAT CREW CAMPS AND CONSTRUCTION LAY DOWN AREAS ARE REQUIRED ON SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION? (Give a brief description of these): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required
*Insert additional pages as required
WHERE ARE THE CREW CAMPS AND CONSTRUCTION LAY DOWN AREAS TO BE LOCATED? (Where possible, provide an annotated plan and a full description of the extent of the works): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required
*Insert additional pages as required

#### **METHOD STATEMENT:**

## **Crew Camps and Construction Lay Down Areas (contd.)**

START AND END DATE OF THE WORKS REQUIRED:	FOR WHICH THE METHOD STATEMENT IS
Start Date:	End Date:
	FION LAY DOWN AREAS TO BE MANAGED? annotated sketches and plans where possible): * required
*Insert additional pages as required	

#### **DECLARATIONS for Method Statement**

### **Crew Camps and Construction Lay Down Areas (contd.)**

#### 1) ENGINEER

The work described in this Method Statement, if carried out according to the methodology described, is satisfactory to prevent or control environmental harm and is thus approved:		
(Signed)	—— ———————————————————————————————————	
Dated:		
2) ECO		
	od Statement, if carried out according to the methodology or control environmental harm and is thus approved:	
(Signed)	(Print name)	
Dated:		
2) CONTRACTOR		
further understand that this Metho	ethod Statement and the scope of the works required of me. In a statement may be amended on application to and with the SHE Coordinator, Construction Manager and ECO will audit whis Method Statement	
(Signed)	— (Print name)	
Dated:		

METHOD STATEMENT: Cement and Concrete Batching
CONTRACT: DATE:
WHAT WORK IS TO BE UNDERTAKEN? (Give a brief description of the works): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required
*Insert additional pages as required
WHERE ARE THE WORKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN? (Where possible, provide an annotated plan and a full description of the extent of the works): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required
*Insert additional pages as required

## **METHOD STATEMENT:**

## **Cement and Concrete Batching (contd.)**

START AND END DATE OF THE WORKS FOR WHICH THE METHOD STATEMENT IS REQUIRED:
Start Date: End Date:
<b>HOW ARE THE WORKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN?</b> (Provide as much detail as possible, including annotated sketches and plans where possible): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required
*Insert additional pages as required

#### **DECLARATIONS for Method Statement**

## **Cement and Concrete Batching (contd.)**

#### 1) ENGINEER

(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	
2) ECO	
	ement, if carried out according to the methodolog ol environmental harm and is thus approved:
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	
2) CONTRACTOR	
further understand that this Method State	tatement and the scope of the works required of me. ement may be amended on application to and with Coordinator, Construction Manager and ECO will aud thod Statement

METHOD STATEMENT: Dust Control	
CONTRACT:DATE:	
WHAT WORK IS TO BE UNDERTAKEN ON SITE THAT COULD GENERATE DUST? (Give a brief description of the works): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required	
Insert additional pages as required	
moert additional pages as required	
WHERE ARE THE WORKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN (where possible, provide an annotated plan and a full description of the extent of the works): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required	
Insert additional pages as required	

## **METHOD STATEMENT: Dust Control (contd.)**

START AND END DATE OF THE WORKS FOR WHICH THE METHOD STATEMENT IS REQUIRED:
Start Date: End Date:
HOW ARE THE WORKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN SO AS TO MINIMISE AND CONTROL DUST GENERATION ON SITE? (Provide as much detail as possible, including annotated sketches and plans where possible): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required
*Insert additional pages as required
• •

## **DECLARATIONS** for Method Statement: Dust Control (contd.)

#### 1) ENGINEER

	ethod Statement, if carried out according to the methodology ent or control environmental harm and is thus approved:
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	
	ethod Statement, if carried out according to the methodologyent or control environmental harm and is thus approved:
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	
2) CONTRACTOR	
further understand that this Me	Method Statement and the scope of the works required of me. ethod Statement may be amended on application to and with at the SHE Coordinator, Construction Manager and ECO will audit of this Method Statement
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	

# **METHOD STATEMENT: Hydrocarbon and Emergency Spill Procedure** CONTRACT: DATE: WHAT HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (INCL. FUELS) ARE TO BE STORED ON SITE? (Give a brief description of the works): \* Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required \*Insert additional pages as required WHERE ARE THE THESE SUBSTANCES TO BE STORED ON SITE? (Where possible, provide an annotated plan and a full description of the extent of the works): \* Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required \*Insert additional pages as required

#### **METHOD STATEMENT:**

# Hydrocarbon and Emergency Spill Procedures (contd.)

START AND END DATE OF THE WORKS FOR WHICH THE METHOD STATEMENT IS REQUIRED:
Start Date: End Date:
HOW ARE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES TO BE MANAGED TO AVOID SPILLAGES AND WHAT EMERGENCY PROCEDURES ARE TO BE IMPLEMENTED IN CASE OF A SPILLAGE? (Provide as much detail as possible, including annotated sketches and plans where possible): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required
*Insert additional names as required

#### **DECLARATIONS for Method Statement**

### **Hydrocarbon and Emergency Spill Procedures (contd.)**

The work described in this Method Statemer described, is satisfactory to prevent or control en	nt, if carried out according to the methodology vironmental harm and is thus approved:
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	
2) ECO	
The work described in this Method Statement described, is satisfactory to prevent or control en	nt, if carried out according to the methodology vironmental harm and is thus approved:
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	
2) CONTRACTOR	
further understand that this Method Statemen	nent and the scope of the works required of me. In the may be amended on application to and with redinator, Construction Manager and ECO will audite Statement
(Signed)	(Print name)

METHOD STATEMENT:
Fire Management
CONTRACT: DATE:
WHAT WORK IS TO BE UNDERTAKEN? (Give a brief description of the works): * Note: please
attach extra pages if more space is required
*Incort additional pages as required
*Insert additional pages as required
WHERE ARE THE WORKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN? (Where possible, provide an annotated plan and a full description of the extent of the works): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is
required
*Insert additional pages as required

# **METHOD STATEMENT:**

# Fire Management (contd.)

START AND END DATE OF THE WORKS FOR WHICH THE METHOD STATEMENT IS REQUIRED:		
Start Date: End Date:		
<b>HOW ARE THE WORKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN?</b> (Provide as much detail as possible, including annotated sketches and plans where possible): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required		
*Insert additional pages as required		

#### **DECLARATIONS for Method Statement**

# Fire Management (contd.)

	atement, if carried out according to the methodology trol environmental harm and is thus approved:
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	
2) ECO	
	atement, if carried out according to the methodology trol environmental harm and is thus approved:
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	
2) CONTRACTOR	
further understand that this Method Sta	Statement and the scope of the works required of me. Internet may be amended on application to and with E Coordinator, Construction Manager and ECO will audited the statement
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	

# **METHOD STATEMENT:** Diesel tanks and refueling procedures CONTRACT:.... DATE: WHAT WORK IS TO BE UNDERTAKEN? (Give a brief description of the works): \* Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required \*Insert additional pages as required WHERE ARE THE WORKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN? (Where possible, provide an annotated plan and a full description of the extent of the works): \* Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required \*Insert additional pages as required

#### **METHOD STATEMENT:**

# Diesel tanks and refuelling procedures (contd.)

START AND END DATE OF THE WORKS FOR WHICH THE METHOD STATEMENT IS REQUIRED:
Start Date: End Date:
<b>HOW ARE THE WORKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN?</b> (Provide as much detail as possible, including annotated sketches and plans where possible): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required
*Insert additional pages as required

#### **DECLARATIONS for Method Statement**

# Diesel tanks and refuelling procedures (contd.)

	hod Statement, if carried out according to the methodology it or control environmental harm and is thus approved:
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	
2) ECO	had Otatawaant if association to the markhadalass
	hod Statement, if carried out according to the methodology it or control environmental harm and is thus approved:
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	
2) CONTRACTOR	
further understand that this Meth	Method Statement and the scope of the works required of me. hod Statement may be amended on application to and with the SHE Coordinator, Construction Manager and ECO will audit f this Method Statement
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	

METHOD STATEMENT: Noise Control		
CONTRACT:	DATE:	
WHAT WORK IS TO BE UNDERTAKEN ON SITE THAT CO brief description of the works): * Note: please attach extra page:		
*Insert additional pages as required		
WHERE ARE THE WORKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN (where pand a full description of the extent of the works): * Note: please required		
*Insert additional pages as required		

# **METHOD STATEMENT: Noise Control (contd.)**

START AND END DATE OF THE WORKS FOR WHICH THE METHOD STATEMENT IS REQUIRED:
Start Date: End Date:
HOW ARE THE WORKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN SO AS TO MINIMISE AND CONTROL DUST GENERATION ON SITE? (Provide as much detail as possible, including annotated sketches and plans where possible): * Note: please attach extra pages if more space is required
*Insert additional pages as required

# **DECLARATIONS** for Method Statement: Noise Control (contd.)

(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	
2) ECO	
	lethod Statement, if carried out according to the methodology rent or control environmental harm and is thus approved:
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	-
2) CONTRACTOR	
further understand that this M	s Method Statement and the scope of the works required of me. lethod Statement may be amended on application to and with nat the SHE Coordinator, Construction Manager and ECO will audit of this Method Statement
(Signed)	(Print name)
Dated:	

TYPICAL INCIDENTS INCURRING PENALTIES	VALUE
Failure to secure construction site from public access	R5,000
Failure to demarcate working areas and servitudes and/or maintain fences and/or demarcation tape.	R1,000
Failure to stockpile topsoil correctly (per incident)	R2,000
Failure to stockpile materials in designated areas (per incident)	R500
Discharging effluent and/or polluted stormwater onto the ground or into surface water (per incident)	R2,000
Failure to provide adequate sanitation, waste disposal facilities or services (per incident)	R1,000
Failure to demarcate construction area boundaries before commencing construction clearance and other activities (per incident)	R5,000
Venturing into or undertaking construction related activities within nogo areas, without formal written approval from the ECO (per incident)	R5,000
No induction regarding environmental matters and site housekeeping practices (per employee)	R2,000
Stockpile of soils and materials outside demarcated areas (per incident)	R1,000
Inappropriate mixing of cement/concrete and poor management of concrete slurry (per incident)	R2,000
Burning of waste on site (including cement bags) (per incident)	R 2,000
Untidiness and litter at camp (per incident)	R200
Unauthorised removal of indigenous trees, medicinal or other plants (per incident)	R2,000
Damaging/killing animals/birds (per incident)	R 1,500
Failure to erect temporary fences as required (per incident)	R2,000
Failure to reinstate disturbed areas within the specified timeframe (per incident)	R2,000
Fire – costs of runaway fires will be borne by the Contractor, should he/she be proven responsible for such fires (per incident)	R25,000
Failure to provide adequate equipment for emergency situations (per incident)	R5,000
Defacing, painting or damaging natural or heritage features (per incident) – mandatory removal of employee from site	R5,000
Damaging cultural, historical and/or archaeological sites of importance (per incident) – mandatory removal of employee from site	R5,000
Failure to maintain basic safety measures on site	R1,000
Failure to carry out required community liaison, damage to property etc, without prior negotiation and/or compensation and other social infringements (per incident)	R1,000
Persistent and un-repaired oil leaks from machinery. The use of inappropriate methods of refuelling (per incident)	R2,000
Failure to provide drip trays and/or empty them frequently (per incident)	R500

TYPICAL INCIDENTS INCURRING PENALTIES	VALUE
Inappropriate use of bins and poor waste management on site (per incident)	R500
Inappropriate off-site disposal of waste from site (per incident)	R10,000
Deliberate lighting of illegal fires on site (per incident)	R1,000
The eating of meals on site outside the defined eating area. Individual not making use of the site ablution facilities (per incident)	R200
Inappropriate use of adjacent watercourses and water bodies – such as for unapproved water abstraction, washing of vehicles, wastewater disposal and use by employees for washing (per incident)	R1000
Any person, vehicle, item of plant, or anything related to the Contractor's operations causing a public nuisance (per incident)	R500
Construction vehicles not adhering to speed limits (per incident)	R200
Failure to maintain and register incidents in the incident register (per incident)	R1,000
Failure to remove all temporary features and leftovers from the construction site and works areas upon completion of the works (per incident)	R50,000
Any contravention with a Method Statement (per incident)	R5,000
Repeated contravention of the specifications or failure to comply with instructions (per incident)	R5,000

**NOTE**: THE SUBJECTION AND PAYMENT OF A PENALTY DOES NOT ABSOLVE THE CONTRACTOR FROM FULLY REMEDYING ANY TRANGRESSION OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE. SHOULD THE CONTRACTOR FAIL TO ADDRESS HIS NON-CONFORMANCE, ESKOM HAS THE RIGHT TO REMEDY THE INCIDENT AND RECOVER THE COSTS FROM THE CONTRACTOR.

#### **ANNEXURE 5: INCIDENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL LOG**

Env. Condition	Comments	Corrective Action Taken	Signature
	(Include any possible explanations for current condition and possible responsible parties. Include photographs, records etc. if available)	(Give details and attach documentation as far as possible)	
	Env. Condition	(Include any possible explanations for current condition and possible responsible parties. Include photographs, records	(Include any possible explanations for current condition and possible responsible parties. Include photographs, records

# **Document Control**Form IP180\_B

CLIENT : Eskom Holdings (SOC) Ltd, Eskom Distribution – Gauteng Operations Unit

(Eskom)

PROJECT NAME : Westgate - Tarlton 132kV Power Line

PROJECT NO : J26219

TITLE OF DOCUMENT : J26219 Westgate -Tarlton 132kV EMPr

**ELECTRONIC LOCATION** 

	Approved By	Reviewed By	Prepared By
ORIGINAL	NAME	NAME	NAME
ONOMAL	Umeshree Naicker	Chevonne Stevens	Zikhona Wana
DATE	SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE
06 January 2017	Wabe	Gerende	

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